## Engineer Your Beer

- 1. True or False: Simply put, mashing is a *continuation* of the malting process.
- 2. True or False: Beta glucans are a type of protein.
- 3. Which of the following is not part of the mashing process?
  - a. starch gelatinization
  - b. starch solublization
  - c. starch hydrolysis
  - d. All of the above
  - e. None of the above
- 4. The role of yeast is well known as a significant factor for the attenuation of the final beer. What is the primary factor for attenuation?
  - a. Malt varieties
  - b. Fermentation temperature
  - c. Mash temperature
  - d. Mash and Sparge water pH
  - e. The yeast
- 5. True or False: Gelatinization of starch is *not* necessary for full conversion because unmalted grains posses an enzyme that will readily cleave native starch.
- 6. You are judging a beer that has a viscous body. Which of the following is most likely responsible?
  - a. High beta glucan levels
  - b. High soluble protein Levels
  - c. High mashing temperature
  - d. A and C
  - e. B and C
- 7. True/ False: Due to the fact that the density of ethanol is approximately .800, real attenuation is always higher than apparent attenuation.
- 8. You are judging a beer that seems too dry for the style. What temperature range would you suggest they mash at in order to decrease the attenuation?
  - a. 120-130F
  - b. 140-150F
  - c. 150-155F
  - d. 155-160F
  - e. 160-170F

- 9. True or False: The proportion of foam-active proteins to haze-active proteins can be manipulated by varying the protein rest temperatures within the range of 95-150°F (35-65°C).
- 10. True or False: Endoprotease enzymes produce soluble proteins and exopeptidases produce amino acids.
- 11. You are judging a pale beer with a dry, bitter (astringent) aftertaste. What should you suggest they do to improve the beer?
  - a. Reduce the hop IBUs.
  - b. Add gypsum.
  - c. Mash at a higher temperature for less attenuation.
  - d. Monitor the mash and runnings pH.

e. B and D.

- 12. When should a protein rest be used with well-modified malts?
  - a. To promote clarity in high-protein worts.
  - b. To provide FAN in high-adjunct worts.
  - c. To improve lauterability in high-protein worts.
  - d. All of the above
  - e. None of the above
- 13. Why would one choose to do a decoction mash?
  - a. To create melanoidins.
  - b. To increase extraction.
  - c. When using less-modified malts in recipe.
  - d. When using cereal grains like corn or rice in a recipe.
  - e. All of the above.
- 14. You are judging a dark beer with an acrid, bitter aftertaste. What should you suggest they do to improve the beer?
  - a. Reduce the hop IBUs.
  - b. Reduce the sparge water temperature.
  - c. Add gypsum.
  - d. Add calcium carbonate.
  - e. All of the above.
- 15. Rank the following adjuncts for beta glucan levels from high to low (1 to 5).
  - a. <u>1</u> Flaked Barley
  - b. <u>4</u> Flaked Wheat
  - c. <u>5</u> Flaked Corn
  - d. <u>3</u> Flaked Oats
  - e. <u>2</u> Flaked Rye